Meeting Date: 12/17/24 Lease Number: 9179 Staff: M. Sapunor

# Staff Report 35

# **APPLICANT:**

Linda J. Momsen, as Trustee of the Linda J. Momsen Survivor Trust

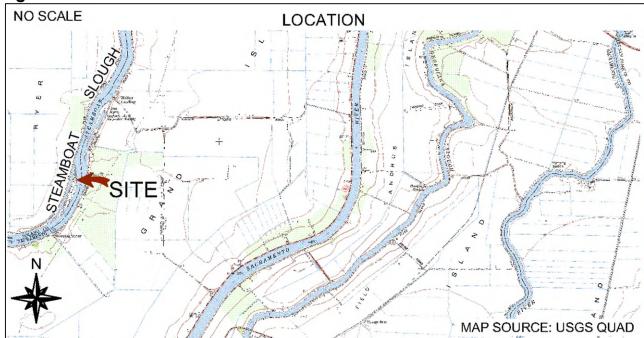
# PROPOSED ACTION:

Issuance of a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use.

# AREA, LAND TYPE, AND LOCATION:

Sovereign land in Steamboat Slough, adjacent to 3450 Snug Harbor Drive, Walnut Grove, Solano County (as shown in Figure 1).

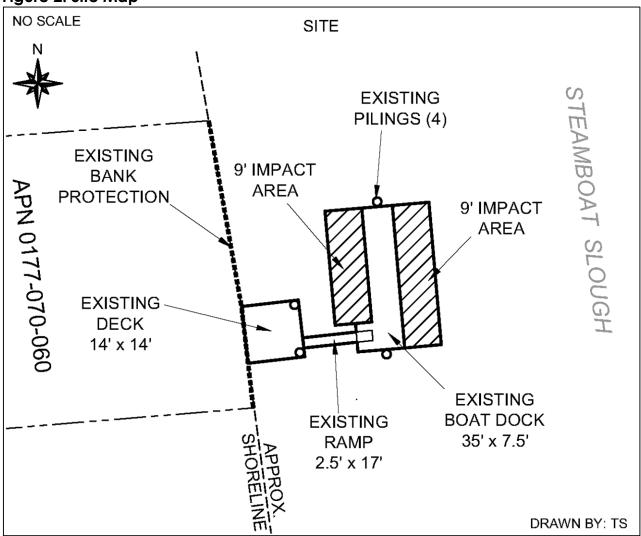
Figure 1. Location



## **AUTHORIZED USE:**

Use of an existing deck, boat dock, appurtenant facilities, and bank protection (as shown in Figure 2).

Figure 2. Site Map



NOTE: This depiction of the lease premises is based on unverified information provided by the Applicant or other parties and is not a waiver or limitation of any State interest in the subject or any other property.

## TERM:

10 years, beginning February 20, 2025.

## **CONSIDERATION:**

\$456 per year, with an annual Consumer Price Index adjustment.

## **SPECIFIC LEASE PROVISIONS:**

- Liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.
- Restrictions on the expansion or rebuild of the deck if substantially destroyed.

# STAFF ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATION:

## **AUTHORITY:**

Public Resources Code sections 6005, 6216, 6301, 6321, 6321.2, 6501.1, 6503, 6503.5, and 6505.5; California Code of Regulations, title 2, sections 2000 and 2003.

## PUBLIC TRUST AND STATE'S BEST INTERESTS:

On February 20, 2015, the Commission authorized issuance of a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use to Linda J. Momsen, as Trustee of the Albert J. Momsen Bypass Trust, for the use and maintenance of a deck, uncovered floating boat dock, three wood pilings, steel piling, ramp, and bank protection (Item 42, February 20, 2015).

On December 24, 2016, Lessee transferred ownership of the upland property to Linda J. Momsen, as Trustee of the Linda J. Momsen Survivor Trust. While the upland parcel was transferred into another trust, the upland parcel is still owned by the same individual who continues to exercise controlling authority over both trusts. The lease provisions regarding indemnity for the existing improvements will apply for the entire period from December 24, 2016 through February 19, 2025, the day before the new lease begins. The lease will expire on February 19, 2025. The Applicant is now applying for a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use for the existing facilities.

The subject improvements are privately owned and maintained and facilitate recreational boating. Recreational boating is a water-dependent use that is generally consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine. The California Legislature has identified private recreational boating facilities as an authorized use of Public Trust land. (Pub. Resources Code, § 6503.5)

The deck is not associated with traditional Public Trust uses. While new decks are generally disfavored, decks that have been in place for years have been permitted, if, as in this instance, they do not significantly interfere with Public Trust needs. The deck is attached to the home situated on the upland parcel and does

not substantially interfere with the public right of navigation or access. However, the lease contains provisions that the deck may not be expanded or rebuilt if substantially destroyed.

The bank protection protects the upland property and maintains and improves the navigability of the river, which helps protect Public Trust resources for recreational and navigational use by the public. The facilities are located directly adjacent to the upland property and occupy a relatively small area of the river.

The proposed lease does not alienate the State's fee simple interest or permanently impair public rights. The lease is limited to a 10-year term, does not grant the lessee exclusive rights to the lease premises, and reserves an easement to the public for Public Trust-consistent uses. Upon termination of the proposed lease, the lessee may be required to remove all improvements from State land and restore the lease premises to their original condition.

The proposed lease requires the lessee to insure the lease premises and indemnify the State for any liability incurred as a result of the lessee's activities thereon. The lease also requires the payment of annual rent to compensate the people of the State for the occupation of the public land involved.

## **CLIMATE CHANGE:**

Climate change impacts, including sea level rise, more frequent and intense storm events, and increased flooding and erosion, affect both open coastal areas and inland waterways in California. The facilities are located on Steamboat Slough, in a tidally influenced site vulnerable to flooding at current sea levels and at a higher risk of flood exposure given projected scenarios of sea level rise.

The California Ocean Protection Council updated the *State of California Sea-Level Rise Guidance* in 2018 to provide a synthesis of the best available science on sea level rise projections and rates. Commission staff evaluated the "high emissions," "medium-high risk aversion" scenario to apply a conservative approach based on both current emission trajectories and the lease location and structures. The San Francisco tide gauge was used for the projected sea level rise scenario for the region as listed in Table 1, below.

Table 1. Projected Sea Level Rise for San Francisco

Year	Projection (feet)
2030	0.8
2040	1.3
2050	1.9
2100	6.9

Source: Table 13, State of California Sea-Level Rise Guidance: 2018 Update

Note: Projections are with respect to a 1991 to 2009 baseline.

Sea level rise could increase Steamboat Slough's inundation levels within the lease area. In addition, as stated in the <u>Safeguarding California Plan: 2018 Update</u> (California Natural Resources Agency 2018), climate change is projected to increase the frequency and severity of natural disasters related to flooding, fire, drought, extreme heat, and storms (especially when coupled with sea level rise). In rivers and tidally influenced waterways, more frequent and powerful storms can result in increased flooding conditions and damage from storm-created debris as well as decreased bank stability and structure. Conversely, climate change induced droughts could decrease river levels and flow for extended periods of time. Climate change and sea level rise will further influence riverine areas by changing erosion and sedimentation rates. Flooding and storm flow, as well as runoff, will likely increase scour and decrease bank stability at a faster rate.

The combination of these projected conditions could increase the likelihood of damage and affect access to structures within the lease premises during the term of the lease. For example, the potential for more frequent and stronger storm events may expose the lease area structures to higher flood risks and cause facilities to be damaged or dislodged, presenting hazards to public safety as well as dangers for navigation within the channel. Conversely, prolonged drought conditions could lower water levels, exposing previously submerged structures to the elements and potentially leading to increased wear and tear on the foundations and supports of the pilings that protect and keep the dock in position in the waterway. Lowered water levels could also reduce navigability of the channel, thereby increasing hazards and impacting the function and utility of the lease area structures.

The floating boat dock and ramp are adaptable to higher water levels allowing them to rise and fall with storms and droughts and increasing their resiliency to some climate change impacts, but they may require more frequent maintenance or replacement to ensure continued function during and after storm seasons and

to avoid dislodgement of the facilities. However, the pilings (both wood and steel) deck, and bank protection are fixed and therefore more vulnerable to sea level rise and more frequent flood events. These structures may need maintenance, due to increased flood exposure and more frequent storm events, to ensure they do not become dislodged or degraded and to reduce risks to public safety and navigation.

The bank is protected with a vertical concrete bulkhead and is at risk of scouring, loss of backfill, slope failure, and accelerated deterioration from sea level rise, currents, floods, and increased precipitation. As sea levels rise, the bulkhead will provide decreasing protection against flood waters, increasing the vulnerability of the bulkhead and upland parcel. The concrete bulkhead may also increase the vulnerabilities of riparian habitat and species. Compared to naturally vegetated riverbanks, the flat and vertical design of the bulkhead can increase river flow rates along the bank and accelerate erosion of the bank immediate downriver of the bulkhead, potentially damaging fish and wildlife habitat. Maintaining a wide buffer between the bank and upland improvements will minimize potential impacts from flooding and erosion. In the future, if erosion of the bank protection requires modifications to the bank, Commission staff suggest the lessee consider naturebased solutions such as bank restoration or revegetation with native vegetation to stabilize the sediment. Such strategies are discussed in the Commission's 2024 Shoreline Adaptation and the Public Trust Report. Any future construction or activities on state land would require a separate authorization from the Commission.

Regular maintenance, as referenced in the lease, may reduce the likelihood of severe structural degradation or dislodgement. Pursuant to the proposed lease, the Applicant acknowledges that the lease premises and adjacent upland are located in an area that may be subject to the effects of climate change, including sea level rise.

#### CONCLUSION:

For all the reasons above, staff believe the issuance of this lease will not substantially impair the public rights to navigation and fishing or substantially interfere with Public Trust needs and values at this location, at this time, and for the term of the proposed lease; and is in the best interests of the State.

# **OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION:**

- Approval or denial of an application is a discretionary action by the Commission. Each time the Commission approves or rejects the use of sovereign land, it exercises legislatively delegated authority and responsibility as trustee of the State's Public Trust lands. If the Commission denies the application, the Applicant may be required to remove the improvements and restore the premises to their original condition. The lessee has no right to a new lease or to a renewal of any previous lease.
- 2. This action is consistent with the "Leading Climate Activism" and "Meeting Evolving Public Trust Needs" Strategic Focus Areas of the Commission's 2021-2025 Strategic Plan.
- 3. Staff recommend that the Commission find that this activity is exempt from the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as a categorically exempt project. The project is exempt under Class 1, Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15301.

Authority: Public Resources Code section 21084 and California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15061.

# **RECOMMENDED ACTION:**

It is recommended that the Commission:

## **CEQA FINDING:**

Find that the activity is exempt from the requirements of CEQA pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15061 as a categorically exempt project, Class 1, Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15301.

## PUBLIC TRUST AND STATE'S BEST INTERESTS:

 Find that the existing and, for a limited period, continuing use of the existing boat dock and appurtenant facilities does not substantially interfere with Public Trust needs and values at this location and is consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine.

- 2. Find that the continuing use of the existing deck and bank protection, for a limited duration, does not substantially interfere with the Public Trust Doctrine uses.
- 3. Find that issuing the proposed lease is in the best interests of the State.

## **AUTHORIZATION:**

Authorize issuance of a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use to the Applicant beginning February 20, 2025, for a term of 10 years, for use of a deck, boat dock, appurtenant facilities, and bank protection; annual rent in the amount of \$456, with an annual Consumer Price Index adjustment; and liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.