Meeting Date: 06/07/24 Lease Number: 7787

Staff: M. Waldo

# Staff Report 30

# **APPLICANT:**

Leona Marie Beaver, Trustee of the Leona Marie Beaver Revocable Living Trust, dated June 16, 2010

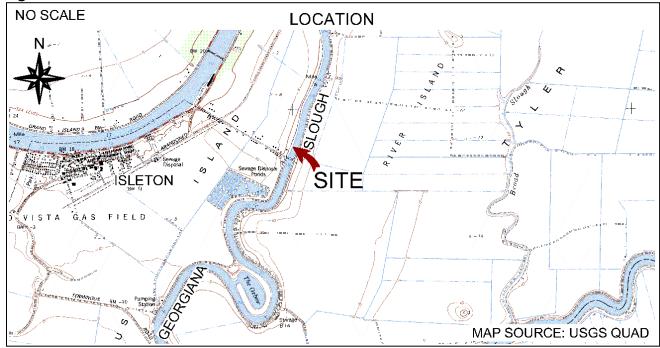
# PROPOSED ACTION:

Issuance of a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use.

### AREA, LAND TYPE, AND LOCATION:

Sovereign land in Georgiana Slough, adjacent to 653 West Tyler Island Bridge Road, Isleton, Sacramento County (as shown in Figure 1).

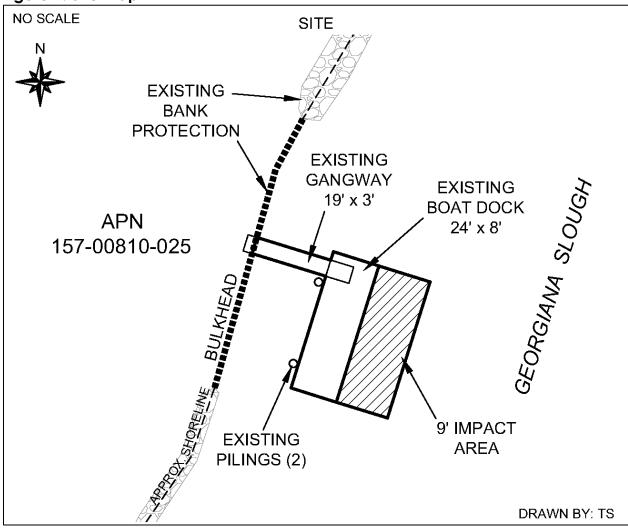




#### **AUTHORIZED USE:**

Use of an existing boat dock, two pilings, gangway, bulkhead, and bank protection (as shown in Figure 2).

Figure 2. Site Map



NOTE: This depiction of the lease premises is based on unverified information provided by the Applicant or other parties and is not a waiver or limitation of any State interest in the subject or any other property.

#### TERM:

10 years, beginning August 15, 2024.

#### **CONSIDERATION:**

\$242 per year, with annual Consumer Price Index adjustment.

#### **SPECIFIC LEASE PROVISIONS:**

• Liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

## STAFF ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATION:

#### **AUTHORITY:**

Public Resources Code sections 6005, 6216, 6301, 6321, 6321.2, 6501.1, 6503, and 6503.5; California Code of Regulations, title 2, sections 2000 and 2003.

#### Public Trust and State's Best Interests:

On February 20, 2015, the Commission authorized the issuance of a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use to Leona Marie Beaver, Trustee of the Leona Marie Beaver Revocable Living Trust, dated June 16, 2010, for the use of an existing boat dock, covered storage, two pilings, gangway, and bulkhead (Item 62, February 20, 2015). During the lease term, the covered storage was removed and is no longer part of the lease improvements. The lease expires on August 14, 2024.

The Applicant is now applying for a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use for the use of the existing boat dock, two pilings, gangway, bulkhead, and bank protection. It is not known when the small area of rip rap bank protection was placed since it was not noted in the prior authorization.

The Applicant owns the uplands adjoining the lease premises. The subject facilities are located directly waterward of the upland property, and these facilities occupy a relatively small area of the river. The boat dock, gangway, and pilings on the lease premises facilitate the docking and mooring of recreational boats. Recreational boating is water-dependent and is generally consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine. The California Legislature has identified private recreational boating facilities as an authorized use of Public Trust lands (Pub. Resources Code, § 6503.5).

The bulkhead and bank protection protect the upland property and maintain the integrity of the Georgiana Slough, which will help protect the Public Trust resources for recreational and navigational use by the public. The facilities are located directly adjacent to the upland property and occupy a relatively small area of the slough.

The proposed lease does not alienate the State's fee simple interest or permanently impair public rights. The lease is limited to a 10-year term, does not grant the lessee

exclusive rights to the lease premises, and reserves an easement to the public for Public Trust–consistent uses. Upon termination of the lease, the lessee may be required to remove the boat dock and appurtenant facilities from State land and restore the lease premises to their original condition.

The proposed lease requires the lessee to insure the lease premises and indemnify the State for any liability incurred as a result of the lessee's activities thereon. The lease also requires the payment of annual rent to compensate the State for the occupation of the public land involved.

#### **CLIMATE CHANGE:**

Climate change impacts, including sea level rise, more frequent and intense storm events, and increased flooding and erosion, affect both open coastal areas and inland waterways in California. The facilities are located in Georgiana Slough, in a tidally influenced site vulnerable to flooding at current sea levels and at a higher risk of flood exposure given projected scenarios of sea level rise.

The California Ocean Protection Council updated the *State of California Sea-Level Rise Guidance* in 2018 to provide a synthesis of the best available science on sea level rise projections and rates. Commission staff evaluated the "high emissions," "medium-high risk aversion" scenario to apply a conservative approach based on both current emission trajectories and the lease location and structures. The San Francisco tide gauge was used for the projected sea level rise scenario for the lease area as listed in Table 1.

Table 1. Projected Sea Level Rise for San Francisco

Year	Projection (feet)
2030	0.8
2040	1.3
2050	1.9
2100	6.9

Source: Table 13, <u>State of California Sea-Level Rise Guidance: 2018 Update</u> Note: Projections are with respect to a 1991 to 2009 baseline.

This effect could increase Georgiana Slough's inundation levels within the lease area. In addition, as stated in the <u>Safeguarding California Plan: 2018 Update</u> (California Natural Resources Agency 2018), climate change is projected to increase the frequency and severity of natural disasters related to flooding, fire, drought, extreme heat, and storms (especially when coupled with sea level rise). In rivers and tidally influenced waterways, more frequent and powerful storms can

result in increased flooding conditions and damage from storm-created debris as well as decreased bank stability and structure. Conversely, climate change induced droughts could decrease river levels and flow for extended periods of time. Climate change and sea level rise will further influence riverine areas by changing erosion and sedimentation rates. Flooding and storm flow, as well as runoff, will likely increase scour and decrease bank stability at a faster rate.

The floating dock and gangway are adaptable to variable water levels, allowing them to rise and fall with storms and droughts and increasing their resiliency to some climate change impacts, but they may require more frequent maintenance or replacement to ensure continued function during and after storm seasons and to avoid dislodgement. However, the pilings and bank protection are fixed and therefore more vulnerable to sea level rise and frequent flood events. These structures may need additional fortification or repair and maintenance to ensure they do not become dislodged or degraded, as they could pose risks to public safety and navigation.

The bank is protected with rock riprap, concrete bulkhead, and minimal vegetation, and is at risk of scouring, loss of backfill, slope failure, and accelerated deterioration from currents, floods, and increased precipitation. As sea levels rise, the bulkhead will provide decreasing protection against flood waters, increasing the vulnerability of the bulkhead and upland parcel. The concrete bulkhead may also increase the vulnerabilities of riparian habitat and species. Compared to naturally vegetated riverbanks, the flat and vertical design of the bulkhead can increase river flow rates along the bank and accelerate erosion of the bank immediate downriver of the bulkhead, potentially damaging fish and wildlife habitat. Alternative bank protection strategies, such as bank restoration and revegetation, may be required to protect the anchoring points of the other structures in the lease premise and reduce flood impacts to the upland parcel (not within the lease area). Additionally, maintaining a wide buffer between the bank and upland improvements will minimize potential impacts from flooding and erosion.

Regular maintenance, as referenced in the lease, may reduce the likelihood of severe structural degradation or dislodgement. Pursuant to the proposed lease, the Applicant acknowledges that the lease premises and adjacent upland are located in an area that may be subject to the effects of climate change, including sea level rise.

#### CONCLUSION:

For all the reasons above, staff believes the issuance of this lease will not substantially impair the public rights to navigation and fishing or substantially interfere with Public Trust needs and values at this location, at this time, and for the term of the proposed lease; and is in the best interests of the State.

## **OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION:**

- Approval or denial of an application is a discretionary action by the Commission. Each time the Commission approves or rejects a use of sovereign land, it exercises legislatively delegated authority and responsibility as trustee of the State's Public Trust lands. If the Commission denies the application, the Applicant may be required to remove the improvements and restore the premises to their original condition. The lessee has no right to a new lease or to renewal of any previous lease.
- 2. This action is consistent with the "Leading Climate Activism" and "Meeting Evolving Public Trust Needs" Strategic focus Areas of the Commission's 2021-2025 Strategic Plan.
- 3. Staff recommends that the Commission find that this activity is exempt from the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as a categorically exempt project. The project is exempt under Class 1, Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905, subdivision (a)(2).

Authority: Public Resources Code section 21084 and California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15300 and California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905.

# **RECOMMENDED ACTION:**

It is recommended that the Commission:

#### **CEQA FINDING:**

Find that the activity is exempt from the requirements of CEQA pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15061 as a categorically exempt project, Class 1, Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905, subdivision (a)(2).

#### PUBLIC TRUST AND STATE'S BEST INTERESTS:

- 1. Find that the existing and, for a limited period, continuing use of the existing boat dock, two pilings, and gangway, does not substantially interfere with Public Trust needs and values at this location and is consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine.
- 2. Find that the existing and, for a limited period, continuing use of the existing bulkhead and bank protection do not substantially interfere with the Public Trust Doctrine uses.
- 3. Find that issuing the proposed lease is in the best interests of the State.

#### **AUTHORIZATION:**

Authorize issuance of a General Lease – Recreational and Protective Structure Use to the Applicant beginning August 15, 2024, for a term of 10 years, for the use of an existing boat dock, two pilings, gangway, bulkhead, and bank protection; annual rent in the amount of \$242, with an annual Consumer Price Index adjustment; and liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.