

# Staff Report 28

## APPLICANT:

Janet Katharine Lally, Trustee of the Janet K. Lally Survivors Trust created under the Thomas and Janet Lally Family Trust, Dated April 3, 1989; John W. Strickley and Jennifer H. Strickley, Trustees of the Strickley Family Trust, Dated February 19, 2004; Steven Randall Strickley, Trustee of the Ruth Amy Frankel and Steven R. Strickley Trust Dated November 6, 2008; John J. Welsh and Katharine K. Welsh, Trustees of the John J. Welsh and Katharine K. Welsh Revocable Living Trust, Dated July 13, 2022; and Julie K. Dunlap and Merrit W. Dunlap, Trustees of the Dunlap Family Trust, Dated June 8, 2005

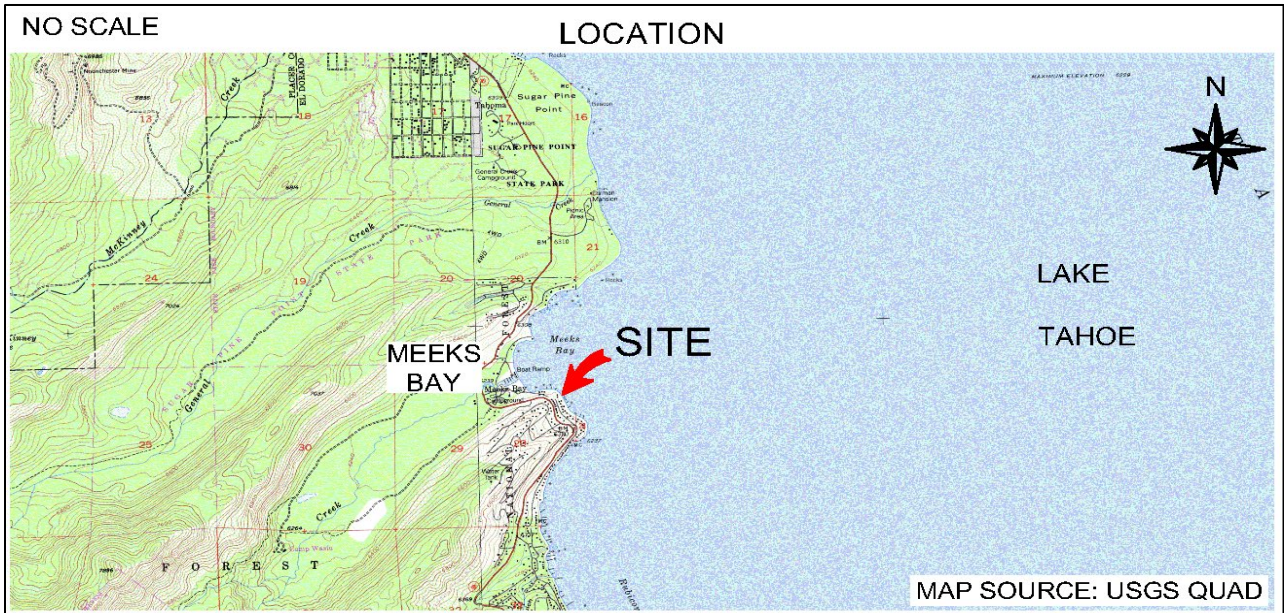
## PROPOSED ACTION:

Issuance of a General Lease – Recreational Use

## AREA, LAND TYPE, AND LOCATION:

Sovereign land located in Lake Tahoe, adjacent to 8221 Meeks Bay Avenue, near Meeks Bay, El Dorado County (as shown in Figure 1).

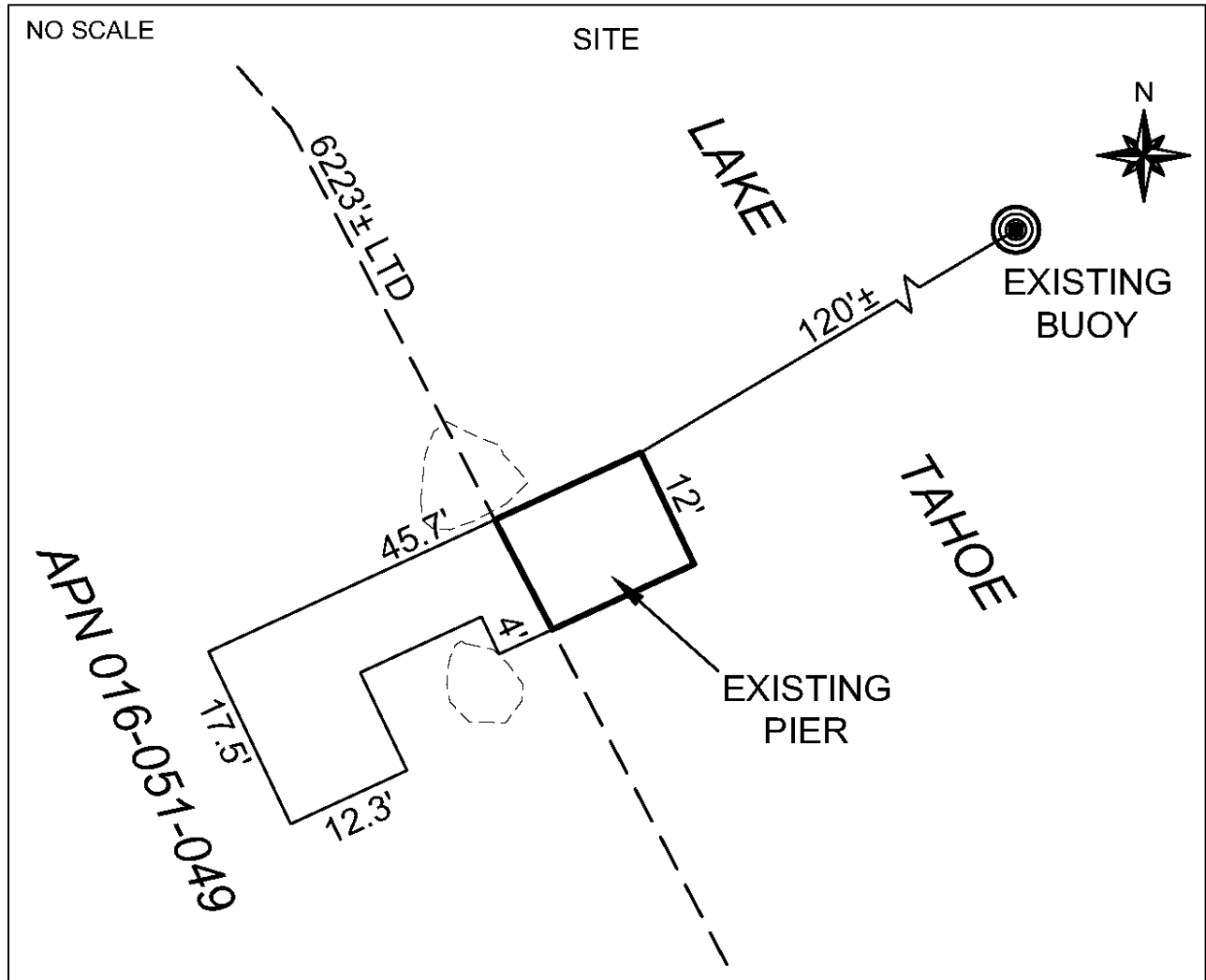
Figure 1. Location



**AUTHORIZED USE:**

Use and maintenance of an existing pier and one mooring buoy (as shown in Figure 2).

**Figure 2. Site Map**



NOTE: This depiction of the lease premises is based on unverified information provided by the applicant or other parties and is not a waiver or limitation of any State interest in the subject or any other property.

**TERM:**

10 years, beginning April 1, 2023.

**CONSIDERATION:**

\$422 per year, with an annual Consumer Price Index adjustment.

**SPECIFIC LEASE PROVISIONS:**

- Liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.
- Lessee expressly acknowledges that a permit from the Tahoe Regional Planning Agency (TRPA) is required for the Authorized Improvements and failure to obtain a permit from TRPA and maintain compliance with that permit may result in TRPA imposing civil penalties and will constitute a breach of this lease.
- Lessee shall not store any personal items or construct any improvements in the Public Trust easement which may impair the public's right of access for navigation, fishing, and public trust consistent recreational uses.
- Lessee agrees and acknowledges that the hazards associated with climate change may require additional maintenance or protection strategies regarding the improvements on the lease premises.

**STAFF ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATION:**

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**AUTHORITY:**

Public Resources Code sections 6005, 6216, 6301, 6501.1, 6503, 6503.5, and 6505.5; California Code of regulations, title 2, sections 2000 and 2003.

**PUBLIC TRUST AND STATE'S BEST INTERESTS:**

On August 23, 2014, the Commission authorized a General Lease - Recreational Use to Bruce A. Krater and Doris K. Krater, Trustees, or their successors in trust, under the Krater Living Trust, dated November 15, 2000; and John R. Strickley as trustee UTA dated May 20, 1988 known as the John R. Strickley and Helen K. Strickley Family Trust, for the use and maintenance of an existing pier and one mooring buoy adjacent to 8221 Meeks Bay Avenue, near Meeks Bay, El Dorado County ([Item C33, April 23, 2014](#)). The lease expired on March 31, 2023.

The Applicant is now applying for a General Lease – Recreational Use for the use and maintenance of the existing pier and one mooring buoy. Staff recommends issuance of a General Lease – Recreational Use to the Applicant, to take effect on April 1, 2023.

The Applicant owns the upland adjoining the lease premises. The existing pier and mooring buoy are privately owned and maintained and facilitate recreational boating. Recreational boating is a water-dependent use that is generally consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine. The California Legislature has identified private recreational boating facilities as an authorized use of Public Trust land. (Pub. Resources Code, §6503.5.)

The mooring buoy has existed for many years at this location, is located directly lakeward of the upland property, and occupies a relatively small area of the lake. TRPA registration for the buoy is current as of June 15, 2022 (Registration No. 11278).

The pier is built on pilings with the area immediately upland of the pier sloped and filled with various large boulders. Due to the natural topography of this area, traversing the upland, including the Public Trust easement, may be difficult because of dense vegetation and various sized rocks. Public access for pedestrians and lake-related activities is available by passing around the waterward end of the pier, however this area is unlikely to be accessed by members of the public due to its steep and rocky topography. The proposed lease does not alienate the State's fee simple interest or permanently impair public rights.

The lease is limited to a 10-year term, does not grant the lessee exclusive rights to the lease premises, and reserves an easement to the public for Public Trust-consistent uses. Upon termination of the lease, the lessee may be required to remove all improvements from State land and restore the lease premises to their original condition. The proposed lease requires the lessee to insure the lease premises and indemnify the State for any liability incurred as a result of the lessee's activities thereon. The lease also requires the payment of annual rent to compensate the people of the State for the occupation of the public land involved.

### **CLIMATE CHANGE:**

Climate change significantly affects inland non-tidal lakes such as Lake Tahoe. The frequency and severity of natural disasters like flooding, wildfire, drought, extreme heat, and storms are increasing throughout the state of California, including the Sierra Nevada mountains, and will continue to accelerate through the end of the century. Structures along the shores of inland lakes are particularly vulnerable to the more frequent and extreme weather events and shifts in seasonal characteristics.

According to [California's Fourth Climate Change Assessment](#), released in 2018, the most significant impacts of climate change in the Sierra Nevada Region are more intense heat, precipitation extremes, declining snowpacks, and changes in streamflow timing. The long-term warming trend will lead to warmer and shorter winters, and longer and dryer summers. Successive dry and warm winters are resulting in minimal snowpack, increased winter stream flows and floods, and decreased spring and summer runoff. Prolonged low lake levels will become normal. Low lake level conditions can create more expansive beaches and increased shoreline access in dry months. However, these conditions interfere with

boat launching and mooring facilities. This impact is most noticeable where the facilities are sited on shallow, low gradient lake bottom locations.

Dry winters will be punctuated with exceedingly wet years where prolonged and excessive precipitation can produce flash floods. High precipitation in these years will result in higher lake levels, causing beaches to narrow and reducing public access. Extra saturation of the soil can increase erosion, especially following intense wildfire seasons. Surface runoff water may carry more sediment into the lake, adversely impacting water quality and clarity.

Climate change may also lead to more intense and unpredictable storm events and winds. These storms may deviate from prevailing wind patterns for the region. These winds can accelerate shoreline erosion in some areas or cause erosion in areas not typically subject to erosion. Additionally, these winds can increase wave damage on structures and boats along the lake.

Improvements authorized under this lease may require more frequent inspection and maintenance to ensure they are not displaced during storm events. Watercraft moored to buoys, piers, or docks are also vulnerable to damage from high wind events and excessive waves.

**CONCLUSION:**

For all the reasons above, staff believes the issuance of this lease will not substantially interfere with Public Trust needs at this location, at this time, and for the foreseeable term of the proposed lease; is consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine; and is in the best interests of the State.

**OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION:**

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1. Approval or denial of the application is a discretionary action by the Commission. Each time the Commission approves or rejects a use of sovereign land, it exercises legislatively delegated authority and responsibility as trustee of the State's Public Trust lands as authorized by law. If the Commission denies the application, the Applicant may be required to remove the pier and mooring buoy and return the premises to their original condition. The lessee has no right to a new lease or to renewal of any previous lease.
2. This action is consistent with the "Leading Climate Activism" and "Meeting Evolving Public Trust Needs" Strategic Focus Areas of the Commission's 2021-2025 Strategic Plan.

3. Staff recommends that the Commission find that this activity is exempt from the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as a categorically exempt project. The project is exempt under Class 1, Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905, subdivision (a)(2).

Authority: Public Resources Code section 21084, California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15300, and California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905.

## **RECOMMENDED ACTION:**

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It is recommended that the Commission:

### **CEQA FINDING:**

Find that the activity is exempt from the requirements of CEQA pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15061 as a categorically exempt project, Class 1, Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905, subdivision (a)(2).

### **PUBLIC TRUST AND STATE'S BEST INTERESTS:**

Find that the proposed lease will not substantially impair the public rights to navigation and fishing or substantially interfere with Public Trust needs and values at this location, at this time, and for the foreseeable term of the lease; is consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine; and is in the best interest of the State.

### **AUTHORIZATION:**

Authorize issuance of a General Lease – Recreational Use to the Applicant beginning April 1, 2023, for a term of 10 years, for the use and maintenance of an existing pier and one mooring buoy; annual rent in the amount of \$422, with an annual Consumer Price Index adjustment; and liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.