Meeting Date: 10/25/22 Lease Number: 5134 Staff: J. Plovnick

# Staff Report 23

# LESSEE:

Ravenhill Properties, LP

# APPLICANT:

Nikhil Kasinadhuni and Madhura Kasinadhuni

# **PROPOSED ACTION:**

Termination of General Lease – Recreational Use and Issuance of a General Lease – Recreational Use

## AREA, LAND TYPE, AND LOCATION:

Sovereign land located in Lake Tahoe, adjacent to 3107 Jameson Beach Road, near South Lake Tahoe, El Dorado County.

## AUTHORIZED USE:

Use and maintenance of an existing pier and two mooring buoys.

#### TERM:

10 years, beginning October 25, 2022.

#### **CONSIDERATION:**

\$1,729 per year, with an annual Consumer Price Index adjustment; and \$52 for unauthorized occupation of State land for the period beginning October 14, 2022, through October 24, 2022.

## SPECIFIC LEASE PROVISIONS:

- Liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.
- Lessee expressly acknowledges that a permit from the Tahoe Regional Planning Agency (TRPA) is required for the Authorized Improvements and failure to obtain

a permit from TRPA and maintain compliance with that permit may result in TRPA imposing civil penalties and will constitute a breach of this lease.

• Lessee shall not store any personal items or construct any improvements in the Public Trust easement which may impair the public uses of access, navigation, fishing, and lake-related recreation.

# STAFF ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATION:

## AUTHORITY:

Public Resources Code sections 6005, 6216, 6301, 6501.1, 6503, 6503.5, and 6505.5; California Code of regulations, title 2, sections 2000 and 2003.

### PUBLIC TRUST AND STATE'S BEST INTERESTS:

On October 14, 2014, the Commission authorized a 10-year General Lease – Recreational Use for the use and maintenance of an existing pier and two mooring buoys to Ravenhill Properties, LP (<u>Item C46, October 14, 2014</u>). The lease expires on October 13, 2024.

On December 14, 2021, ownership interest in the upland property transferred from Ravenhill Properties, LP to Nikhil Kasinadhuni and Madhura Kasinadhuni. The Lessee paid rent through October 13, 2022, but did not notify the Commission of changes in ownership or seek an assignment of the lease. Staff recommends termination of the lease on the date the upland property was transferred and issuance of a new lease.

The Applicant is now applying for a General Lease – Recreational Use, for the use and maintenance of an existing pier and two mooring buoys. Because the Applicant took ownership of the upland on December 14, 2021, the lease provisions regarding indemnity would include the period of the Applicant's unauthorized occupation of State-owned lands.

Because the lessee paid rent prior to the sale of the property, the State has already received rent covering part of the time the Applicant has occupied the premises and the prior payment of rent is offset against the amount owed by the Applicant. The Applicant will pay the remaining \$52 for unauthorized occupation of State land by the subject pier and two mooring buoys for the period beginning October 14, 2022, through October 24, 2022, the day before the beginning date of the proposed lease.

The subject pier and mooring buoys have existed for many years at this location, and TRPA registered the buoys on September 19, 2019 (Registration No. 11214). The

pier is built on pilings with the immediate area of the pier being flat with fine sands and scattered rocks. The topography and location are easily traversable. Public access for pedestrians and lake-related activities is available at varying water levels both over and underneath the pier, and along the shore within the Public Trust easement. The buoys are located directly lakeward of the upland property and occupy a relatively small area of the lake.

The subject pier and mooring buoys are privately owned and maintained, used for the docking and mooring of boats, and facilitate recreational boating. Recreational boating is a water-dependent use that is generally consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine. The California Legislature has identified private recreational boating facilities as an authorized use of Public Trust land. (Pub. Resources Code, §6503.5.)

The proposed lease does not alienate the State's fee simple interest or permanently impair public rights. The lease is limited to a 10-year term, does not grant the lessee exclusive rights to the lease premises, and reserves an easement to the public for Public Trust-consistent uses. Upon termination of the lease, the lessee may be required to remove all improvements from State land and restore the lease premises to their original condition.

The proposed lease requires the lessee to insure the lease premises and indemnify the State for any liability incurred as a result of the lessee's activities thereon. The lease also requires the payment of annual rent to compensate the people of the State for the occupation of the public land involved.

# CLIMATE CHANGE:

Climate change significantly affects inland non-tidal lakes such as Lake Tahoe. The frequency and severity of natural disasters like flooding, wildfire, drought, extreme heat, and storms are increasing throughout the state of California, including the Sierra Nevada mountains, and will continue to accelerate through the end of the century. Structures along the shores of inland lakes are particularly vulnerable to the more frequent and extreme weather events and shifts in seasonal characteristics.

According to California's Fourth Climate Change Assessment, released in 2018, the most significant impacts of climate change in the Sierra Nevada Region are more intense heat, precipitation extremes, declining snowpacks, and changes in streamflow timing. The long-term warming trend will lead to warmer and shorter winters, and longer and dryer summers. Successive dry and warm winters are resulting in minimal snowpack, increased winter stream flows and floods, and decreased spring and summer runoff. Prolonged low lake levels will become

normal. Low lake level conditions can create more expansive beaches and increased shoreline access in dry months. However, these conditions interfere with boat launching and mooring facilities. This impact is most noticeable where the facilities are sited on shallow, low gradient lake bottom locations.

Dry winters will be punctuated with exceedingly wet years where prolonged and excessive precipitation can produce flash floods. High precipitation in these years will result in higher lake levels, causing beaches to narrow and reducing public access. Extra saturation of the soil can increase erosion, especially following intense wildfire seasons. Surface runoff water may carry more sediment into the lake, adversely impacting water quality and clarity.

Climate change may also lead to more intense and unpredictable storm events and winds. These storms may deviate from prevailing wind patterns for the region. These winds can accelerate shoreline erosion in some areas or cause erosion in areas not typically subject to erosion. Additionally, these winds can increase wave damage on structures and boats along the lake.

Improvements authorized under this lease may require more frequent inspection and maintenance to ensure they are not displaced during storm events. Watercraft moored to buoys, piers, or docks are also vulnerable to damage from high wind events and excessive waves.

# **CONCLUSION:**

For all the reasons above, staff believes the issuance of this lease will not substantially interfere with Public Trust needs at this location, at this time, and for the foreseeable term of the proposed lease; is consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine; and is in the best interests of the State.

# **OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION:**

- 1. Approval or denial of the application is a discretionary action by the Commission. Each time the Commission approves or rejects a use of sovereign land, it exercises legislatively delegated authority and responsibility as trustee of the State's Public Trust lands as authorized by law. If the Commission denies the application, the Applicant may be required to remove the pier and two mooring buoys and restore the premises to their original condition. The lessee has no right to a new lease or to renewal of any previous lease.
- 2. This action is consistent with the "Leading Climate Activism" and "Meeting Evolving Public Trust Needs" Strategic Focus Areas of the Commission's 2021-2025 Strategic Plan.

3. Termination of the lease is not a project as defined by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) because it is an administrative action that will not result in direct or indirect physical changes in the environment.

Authority: Public Resources Code section 21065 and California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15378, subdivision (b)(5).

4. Staff recommends that the Commission find that issuance of the lease is exempt from the requirements of CEQA as a categorically exempt project. The project is exempt under Class 1, Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905, subdivision (a)(2).

Authority: Public Resources Code section 21084, California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15300, and California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905.

# EXHIBITS:

- A. Land Description
- B. Site and Location Map

# **RECOMMENDED ACTION:**

It is recommended that the Commission:

# **CEQA** FINDING:

Find that issuance of the lease is exempt from the requirements of CEQA pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 14, section 15061 as a categorically exempt project, Class 1, Existing Facilities; California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 2905, subdivision (a)(2).

# PUBLIC TRUST AND STATE'S BEST INTERESTS:

Find that the proposed lease will not substantially impair the public rights to navigation and fishing or substantially interfere with Public Trust needs and values at this location, at this time, and for the foreseeable term of the lease; is consistent with the common law Public Trust Doctrine; and is in the best interests of the State.

## **AUTHORIZATION:**

1. Terminate, effective December 14, 2021, Lease Number PRC 5134, a General Lease – Recreational Use, issued to Ravenhill Properties, LP.

- 2. Authorize acceptance of compensation from the applicant in the amount of \$52 for unauthorized occupation of State lands for the period of October 14, 2022 through October 24, 2022.
- 3. Authorize issuance of a General Lease Recreational Use to the Applicant beginning October 25, 2022, for a term of 10 years, for the continued use and maintenance of an existing pier and two existing mooring buoys, as described in Exhibit A and shown on Exhibit B (for reference purposes only) attached and by this reference made a part hereof; annual rent in the amount of \$1,729, with an annual Consumer Price Index adjustment; and liability insurance in an amount no less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

### EXHIBIT A

#### LAND DESCRIPTION

Three parcels of submerged lands situated in the bed of Lake Tahoe, lying adjacent to fractional Section 6, Township 12 North, Range 18 East, M.D.B.&M., as shown on Official Government Township Plat approved November 9, 1866, County of El Dorado, State of California, more particularly described as follows:

PARCEL 1 – PIER

All those lands underlying an existing pier and catwalk lying adjacent to that parcel described in Grant Deed recorded December 14, 2021, as Document Number 2021-0076169 in Official Records of said County.

TOGETHER WITH any applicable Impact Area(s).

EXCEPTING THEREFROM any portion lying landward of elevation 6223 feet LTD on the shoreline of said Lake Tahoe.

PARCELS 2 & 3 – BUOYS

Two circular parcels of land, each being 50 feet in diameter, underlying two existing buoys lying adjacent to that parcel described in Grant Deed recorded December 14, 2021, as Document Number 2021-0076169 in Official Records of said County.

Accompanying plat is hereby made part of this description.

#### END OF DESCRIPTION

Prepared 07/01/2022 by the California State Lands Commission Boundary Unit.





